

Standardised Testing: Information for Parents

St. Patrick's N.S

What is standardised testing?

- Standardised tests require all pupils to answer the same questions in the same way, and are scored in a consistent manner, which makes it possible to compare the relative performance of groups of pupils according to their class group or age group.
- Standardised test scores compare an individual child's achievement to that of a 'reference group' of children nationally. The reference groups for the *original* Drumcondra tests, were established 15 years ago.

Why to we use standardised tests?

- Helps us monitor the learning progress of pupils
- To apply interventions and plan for further learning
- Creates an overview of a child's progress to report to parents
- Helps to identify the needs of individual children so that appropriate supports can be put in place
- Department of Education use standardised tests scores as part of 'profiling' schools for level of Special Education Teaching

Standardised tests used in St. Patrick's

- Drumcondra Reading Test
- Drumcondra Maths Test
- Drumcondra Spelling Test
- Usually administered in May (not administered in 2020)
- From 1st to 6th class
- Scores advised to parents in the school report in June

This year we are using the updated 2018 tests for the first time.

Why have the tests been updated?

Many tests become easier over time, as the content becomes more familiar.

- Recent International Studies have also shown that children in Ireland are performing increasingly well in reading and mathematics generally. <u>That means the 'average' score is a</u> <u>higher level than it was in 2006.</u>
- A combination of these factors means that it is no longer as useful to compare the achievement of children today with the reference groups used for older tests. A new test was developed and normed in in 2018 using a cross section of children throughout Ireland.

What to expect with the test results

- Due to the difference in achievement levels between the old and new reference groups, some reductions in scores are expected nationally with the introduction of the new tests. In the interpretation of results, teachers and parents should bear in mind the impact that the school closures may have on pupils' test scores.
- Whilst transitioning from older tests to new ones, change is likely to occur because it is now possible to compare the child's achievement to that of an up-to-date reference group.

Important to note:

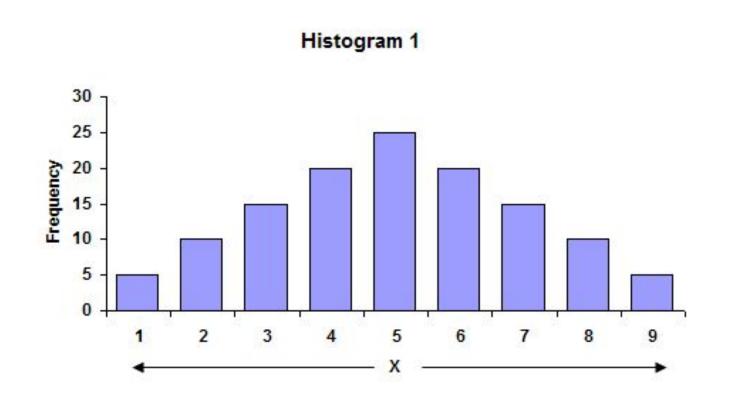
All test scores are only **estimates** of a child's true achievement level, based on a specific set of test questions administered on a particular day. This means that a child's 'true score' on any test may be a little higher or a little lower than the reported score.

► The average mean score in a Drumcondra test is 5.5.

Explanation of scores

STEN Score	What the Score Means	Proportion of Pupils who get the score
8 – 10	Well above average	1/6
7	Above average	1/6
5 - 6	Average	1/3
4	Below average	1/6
1 - 3	Well below average	1/6

Diagram of score distributions



Conclusion

- A test score is just one indication of your child's achievement.
- The Department of Education is aware that some gaps in learning may have arisen/some content not yet covered during school closure and may contribute to a reduction in scores. This will be reflected across the country and not a reflection on teachers work or competence.
- Over-emphasis on these tests and their results may create additional stress on your child. They should only be considered as a snapshot of their learning on a particular day. We do not advise sharing results with your child.

Further information on Standardised Testing

https://ncca.ie/en/resources/standardised-testing/